

Équations à connaître

$$v = \frac{c}{n}$$

$$\lambda_n = \frac{\lambda_0}{n}$$

$$\theta = \theta'$$

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q}$$

$$N = \frac{r}{\lambda_n} = \frac{rn}{\lambda}$$

$$\Delta N = N_2 - N_1$$

$$\Delta r = r_2 - r_1$$

$$N = \frac{rn}{\lambda} + N_{réfl} = \begin{cases} \frac{rn}{\lambda} + \frac{1}{2} & \text{(réfl. dure)} \\ \frac{rn}{\lambda} + 0 & \text{(réfl. molle)} \end{cases}$$

$$a \sin \theta = p \lambda$$

$$d = \frac{1}{n}$$

Constantes fournies

$$\varepsilon_0 = 8,854 \times 10^{-12} \frac{\text{C}^2}{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2}$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \frac{\text{T} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{A}}$$

Équations fournies

$$I = \frac{P}{A}$$

$$I = \frac{P}{4\pi r^2}$$

$$I = I_0 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$f = \frac{R}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{y_I}{y_O} = -\frac{q}{p}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$N_2 - N_1 = m$$

$$\Delta r = d \sin \theta = m \lambda$$

$$\Delta \Phi = 2m\pi$$

$$\frac{\Delta \Phi}{2\pi \text{ rad}} = \frac{\Delta r}{\lambda}$$

$$I = 4I_0 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\Delta \Phi}{2} \right)$$

$$I = I_{max} \left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{\alpha} \right)^2$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\Delta \Phi}{2} = \frac{\pi a \sin \theta}{\lambda}$$

$$\sin \theta_1 = \frac{1,22 \lambda}{D}$$

Équations optionnelles ou

non essentielles

$$I = \frac{I_0}{2}$$

$$\sin \theta_c = \frac{n_{ém}}{n_{inc}}$$